Evaluation of the Apical Seal Produced by the McSpadden Compactor and by Lateral Condensation with a Chloroform-softened Primary Cone

Kevin J. O'Neill, DDS, MSD, David L. Pitts, DDS, MSD, and Gerald W. Harrington, DDS, MSD

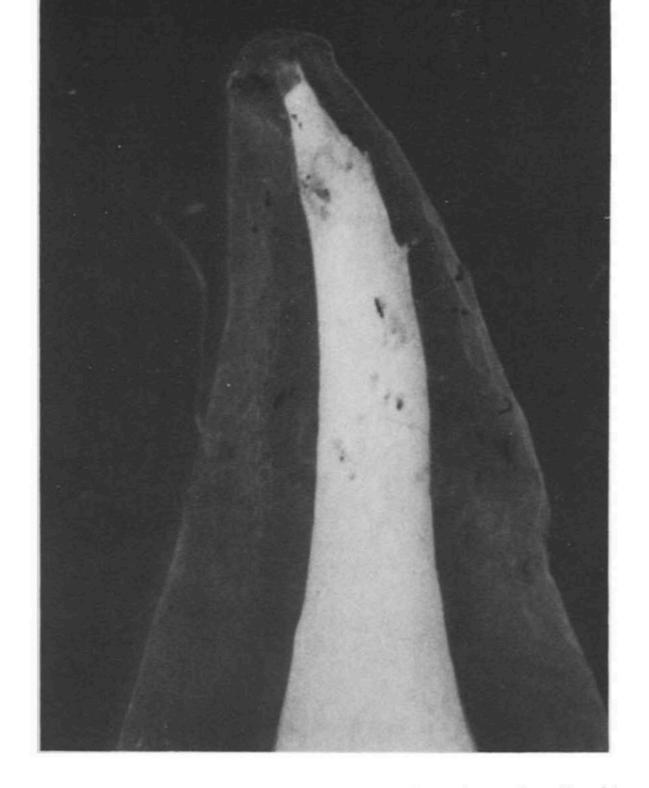


Fig 1. Tooth filled with gutta-percha and sealer using the Mc-Spadden Compactor (group A). No India ink penetrated beyond the level of the apical seat.

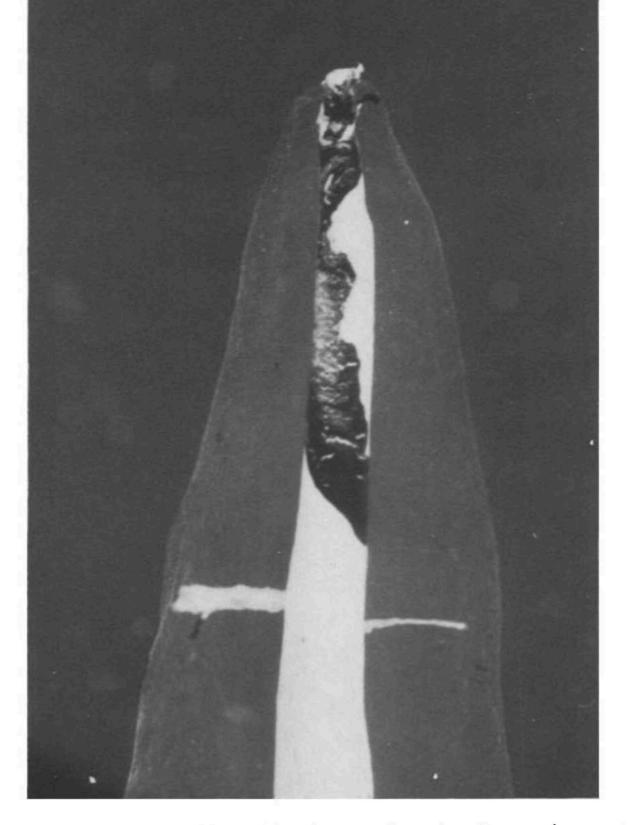


Fig 2. Tooth filled with a chloroform-softened gutta-percha cone and sealer using lateral condensation (group C). India ink extends 5.00 mm into the canal beyond the apical seat.

An In Vitro Assessment of the Quality of Apical Seal of Thermomechanically Obturated Canals with and without Sealer

David J. Ishley, BIE, DDS, MS, and Mahmoud E. ElDeeb, BDS, MS

No statistically significant difference in leakage was observed between the lateral condensation and thermomechanical condensation groups providing sealer was used.

Evaluation of the Apical Seal Produced by a Hybrid Root Canal Filling Method, Combining Lateral Condensation and Thermatic Compaction

Evaluacion del Cierre Apical Producido por un Metodo Hibrido de Obturacion de Conductos, Combinando Condensacion Lateral y Compactacion Termica

Michael Tagger, DMD, MS, Aviad Tamse, DMD, Alexander Katz, DMD, and Barry H. Korzen, DDS

The roots filled with the hybrid technique leaked significantly less (p < 0.05) than the lateral condensation group (0.1 versus 0.475 mm mean penetration).

